**Recidivism Measurement Framework**

Recidivism can be monitored and tracked in a variety of ways. Since criminal justice populations have different attributes, and movement through the system, knowing what different definitions say is important in correctly comparing populations and situations. When measuring recidivism locally, it’s important to identify different populations of interest, as well as a specific comparable point in time, and have a specific event to measure from.

Count of how many \_\_**(A. population)** were \_**(B. event)** within\_(# of days) days after their last **(B. Event).**

1. **Population)**

Pre-trial, Probationers (Felony or Misdemeanor), Parole, 1170h, PRCS

 **(B. Event)**

1. Contacted by law enforcement

2. Freshly Arrested and Booked

3. Violations

a. Intermediately Sanctioned for a violation (without return to court)

b. Violation filed with the court

4. Court Actions

a. Charge Filed by DA

b. Convicted by Court

5. Post Sentence

 a. Completion of Supervision

b. Release from Custody